Appendix 1

Safer Leeds

Hate Crime Strategy 2014-2019

Our ambition is to prevent and reduce levels of hate incidents by ensuring victims and witness of hate incidents are supported and offenders are brought to justice. Our desired outcome is that people in Leeds are safe and feel safe in their homes, in the streets, and the places they go.



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Produced by Rebecca Herbert & Keith Mack, Leeds Anti-Social Behaviour Team, January 2014 Date for review: January 2015

Foreword

We are pleased to present this revised Hate Crime Strategy for Leeds, which comes into force in February 2014.

Victims can report hate crime to the Police, Leeds City Council, Stop Hate UK, and a number of reporting centres across the city. These agencies will work closely with each other across the city to tackle hate crime.

Tackling hate crime matters to us all, not just because of the devastating consequences it can have for victims and their families, but also because it can divide communities

This Hate Crime Strategy for Leeds reflects the objectives and aims set out in National, Regional & Local Frameworks to prevent hate crime, increase public confidence to report hate crime and improve the response of agencies charged with tackling hate crime. West Yorkshire Police are committed to working with partners to tackle crime and anti-social behaviour. Crime that is motivated by hostility whether this relates to real or perceived race, faith, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability or anything else is a priority.

Where hate crime or a hate incident occurs it is important that there is confidence that the police and their partners will deal effectively with such occurrences.

We are committed to this strategy which sets out our objectives through which we will ensure that we support both victims and witnesses involved in hate incidents.

We will review the strategy on an annual basis to ensure it remains relevant and up to date.



Councillor Peter Gruen Deputy Leader Leeds City Council



Chief Supt. Paul Money Leeds District Commander West Yorkshire Police

1.0 The 'Vision for Leeds 2030'

- 1.1 Leeds has an ambitious vision to be the best city in the UK. A city that is sustainable and inclusive. A more cohesive city with stronger communities.
- 1.2 Leeds will be a place where everyone has an equal chance to live their life successfully and realise their potential.
- 1.3 Embracing new ideas, involving local people, working positively in partnership and with local communities to tackle hate crime and hate incidents, is crucial if partners in Leeds are to fulfil this ambition.
- 1.4 Leeds will be a city where there is a strong community spirit and a shared sense of belonging; where people feel confident about doing things for themselves and others; where people from different backgrounds and ages feel comfortable living together in communities; where people are treated with dignity and respect and the causes of unfairness are understood and addressed.
- 1.5 It is important therefore, that people in Leeds are able to recognise, value and embrace diversity and difference. Where hate crimes or hate incidents occur, it is our intention to develop confidence to challenge them and/or report them to the key partners responsible for the delivery of this strategy. Reports can also be made to a number of Hate Incident Reporting Centres (HIRCs) across the city as set out in Appendix B.
- 1.6 The key partners responsible for the delivery of this strategy are West Yorkshire Police (WYP), Leeds City Council, specifically Leeds Anti-social Behaviour Team (LASBT), Safer Leeds, One Stop Centres, Housing Leeds, Adult Social Care, Children & Young People Social Care; Victim Support and Stop Hate UK. A full list of partners involved in supporting the delivery of this strategy is available in Appendix E.
- 1.7 The aims set out in this strategy have been consulted on with stakeholders including community groups, third sector, voluntary groups and strategic partners. Consultation and involvement will continue over the life of strategy through mystery shopping; and report cards provided to Safer Leeds Executive & stakeholders. The strategy will be reviewed on an annual basis.

1.8 This Hate Crime Strategy is designed to support professionals, individuals and organisations (statutory, non-statutory & voluntary) to identify and respond to hate incidents. It is underpinned by a strategic plan (attached at appendix A) that sets out how our objectives will be met.

2.0 Understanding Hate Crime & Hate Incidents

2.1 A hate incident is *any behaviour* that is perceived by the victim or any other person, as being motivated by prejudice or hostility based upon the victim's real or perceived:

Race/Ethnicity – Incidents perceived to be racist by the victim or any other person on the basis of ethnic origin, skin colour, nationality, culture, language, real or perceived racism. For example, using derogatory language towards Gypsy, Traveller, Roma or any other communities.

Sexual orientation/Homophobia - Incidents perceived by the victim, or any other person, to be motivated by a prejudice based on another person's sexuality, or perceived sexuality. For example, related to sexual orientation or perceived orientation of target or target's family and/or homophobic / biphobic abuse and derogatory language used.

Faith, religion or belief - *Incidents perceived to be based on prejudice towards or hatred of the religion/belief of the victim or so perceived by the victim or any other person. For example, beliefs, faith, lack of faith real or perceived, Islamophobia, anti-Semitism*

Disability - Incidents perceived by the victim or any other person to be motivated by the offender's prejudice against people because of their disability or so perceived by the victim or any other person. For example, real or perceived disability, special needs, gifted or talented or health conditions or association with someone in those categories, using derogatory language

Transgender/Gender identity - Any incident which is perceived to be based on prejudice towards or hatred of the victim because of that person's gender identity or so perceived by the victim or any other person. For example any incident based on attitudes that when expressed demean, intimidate or harm another person because of their gender, using derogatory language.

Behaviour which is targeted based on any aspect of a person's personal identity should be reported. We encourage people to report all incidents.

- 2.2 Hate incidents that are reported to the police, council, Stop Hate UK or 3rd party reporting centres called Hate Incident Reporting Centres (HIRC) must be recorded based on the perception of the victim or reporting person. A list of hate incident reporting centres is published online and updated quarterly. These centres encourage reporting of all incidents which are then passed on to relevant partners to determine if a criminal offence has been committed. No matter is too small to be reported as a hate incident.
- 2.3 A hate incident can include verbal abuse or insults (e.g. detrimental comments, abusive language and "jokes" relating to race, religion, disability/learning difficulties, sexual orientation, gender / gender identity), insulting gestures, abusive telephone calls and offensive messages, based on the personal characteristics of the victim as set out in 2.1.
- 2.4 The Association of Chief Police Officers (ACPO) define Hate Crime as "any hate incident, which constitutes a criminal offence, perceived by the victim or any other person, to be motivated by prejudice or hate" based upon the victim's real or perceived: race, sexual orientation, religion, disability or gender identity.
- 2.5 There are specific offences that carry enhanced sentences for victims of racially and religiously aggravated crimes. Only these specific offences can be charged as racially or religiously aggravated. However, if there is clear evidence of motivation the court can increase the sentence.
- 2.6 There are no specific offences for crimes against people because of their sexual orientation, gender identity or disability. If there is evidence that the perpetrator of any offence was hostile towards a victim because of their actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity or disability, the Court must increase the sentence as per S.146 of Criminal Justice Act 2003 (amended by Legal Aid & Prosecution of Offenders Act 2012).
- 2.7 There are concerns that hate crime across all five strands is under reported. It is our aim to increase confidence in reporting and increase the number of hate incidents recorded across all five strands.

3.0 National, Regional & local Frameworks

<u>National</u>

3.1 The Government's national action plan gives local partnerships the freedom to develop strategies that are reflective of the needs of their communities.

"This Government believes that everyone should be free to live their lives without fear of abuse or attack on the basis of who they are. All crime is wrong, but crime that is motivated by hatred of the victim is particularly corrosive." (Challenge it, Report it, Stop it, Governments Plan to tackle Hate Crime, March 2012)

- 3.2 Government plan to tackle Hate Crime published in March 2012 covers three principles:
 - § Preventing hate crime
 - § Increasing reporting and access to support
 - § Improving the operational response to hate crimes
- 3.3 The Home Office published statistics on hate crimes recorded by the police in England and Wales on 17 December 2013 outlined below.

Hate crime strand	2011/12	2012/13
Race	36,016	35,885
Religion	1,622	1,573
Sexual orientation	4,362	4,267
Disability	1,757	1,841
Gender-identity	309	361
Total number of motivating factors	44,066	43,927
Total number of hate crimes	N/A	42,236
Source: Police recorded crime Home Office	•	

Source: Police recorded crime, Home Office

<u>Regional</u>

- 3.4 West Yorkshire's Police Crime Commissioner, Mark Burns-Williamson, responding to the needs of local communities in West Yorkshire, includes within his published *Police & Crime Plan 2013-2018* a priority to tackle hate crime.
- 3.5 The PCC has pledged to use his position as elected representative to bring people together with partners to tackle all forms of hate crime building towards;

S Ensuring people understand and are aware of what hate crime is, how to report it and how they can help

S People who experience or witness hate crime feeling able to come forward to report it, ensuring they are supported in a way that best meets their needs

§ Being assured that people can go to individuals and organisations that they trust and reported hate crime is dealt with appropriately, while reinforcing the message that it is not acceptable in any form (Police and Crime Plan 2013-2018, 2013)

<u>Local</u>

- 3.6 This strategy supports the Safer Leeds Partnership Plan objectives of 'improving approaches to dealing with hate crime', 'reducing vulnerability' and 'safeguarding communities', and it's desired outcome to ensure that 'People in Leeds are safe and feel safe in their homes, in the streets, and the places they go'.
- 3.7 Leeds is a growing, vibrant and increasingly diverse city with wellestablished BME communities of African Caribbean, South Asian and Irish descent; and emerging communities of eastern European migrants, Gypsy Traveller & Roma, refugees and asylum seekers and overseas students.
- 3.8 Figures from 2011 Census provides a good overview of the diversity of faith communities within Leeds, with Christians (68.9%), Muslims (3.0%), Jewish (1.2%), Sikhs (1.1%), Hindus (0.6%), Buddhists (0.2%) and others (0.2%) all represented*. *24.9% shown as no religion or religion not stated which is comparable with the 22.5% rate for England
- 3.9 The hate crimes recorded by police in Leeds are outlined below:

Hate crime strand	2011/12	2012/13
Race	730	629
Religion	25	13
Sexual orientation	67	78
Disability	31	44
Gender-identity	3	3
Total number of motivating factors	856	767
Total number of hate crimes	839	747

Source: West Yorkshire Police Data extracted from Niche via Corvus 11:45 06/01/2014

3.10 These figures demonstrate a decline in overall recording of hate crime across Leeds. Although this decline may reflect a reduction

in hate crime across the city, our partners understand that a number of hate incidents go unreported. It is our aim to increase the confidence in reporting and increase the number of reports recorded across all five strands.

3.11 This strategy also draws on recommendations from the joint report 'Living in a Different World: Joint Review of Disability Hate Crime 2013 and the Equality and Human Rights Commission's (EHRC) Out in the Open Manifesto For Change. The EHRC recognises the on-going challenges to better understand 'the motivations of perpetrators and societal causes of disability-related harassment' and improve 'the collection of comprehensive data on disability-related harassment, to improve decision-making and accountability.' Although this report focussed on disability, the lessons will be applied to improve outcomes for victims across all strands of hate crime, particularly in relation to increasing our data collation and understanding of issues affecting these groups.

4.0 Integrated Hate Crime process

- 4.1 Anyone can be a victim of a hate incident, even if they are not part of a targeted minority or vulnerable group and equally anyone can report a hate incident. Hate incidents are indicators of behaviour that could escalate or evolve into incidents that are more serious and/or hate crime.
- 4.2 We are committed to ensuring proportionate responses are levelled against perpetrators of hate incidents and appropriate support is given to victims in line with the Governments' threepronged approach of *'Challenge it, Report it, Stop it'*

4.3 **Challenge it –** Know how to identify a hate incident

The success of any long term strategy to reduce and prevent hate crime, lies in stopping hate crimes happening in the first place - by challenging and changing the attitudes and behaviours that lead to hatred, and intervening early to stop tensions or incidents escalating.

A lack of understanding, reinforcement of negative stereotypes and fear of the unknown can all contribute to prejudice. Children and young people in particular learn their behaviours and form their views from their peers and the adults around them.

All organisations across Leeds will work with residents to promote a clear and consistent message that prejudicial views or behaviour that could result in hate incidents or crimes are not tolerated or condoned.

We will achieve this by; developing the evidence base to establish a better understanding of hate crime, publishing data and analysis of hate crimes. It will work with all partners to help them tackle all forms of bullying, particularly bullying motivated by prejudice, changing perceptions of marginalised and disabled people through increased awareness, positive images and media coverage that promote positive shared local identities.

4.4 **Report it –** Know how to report a hate incident

Research evidence suggests that hate crime and hate incidents may be hugely under-reported, particularly amongst certain communities, including where the victim is from Gypsy, Irish Traveller and Roma Communities, 'new' migrant communities including asylum and refugee communities, or is disabled or transgender.

We will work to increase the reporting of hate crime by building victims' confidence to come forward and seek justice.

We will achieve this by publicising our actions to instil confidence that we take it seriously and will do something about, raising awareness of how to report hate crime, and making it easier for victims and witnesses of hate crime to report what has happened.

4.5 **Stop it –** Know how to respond

There is a collective recognition of the harmful impact that hate incidents can have on victims. We believe, therefore, it is of fundamental importance that power and control is given to the victim. We will therefore always respond in accordance with the wishes and choices of the victim.

Our emphasis will always be to provide a collective joined up response to hate incidents with, where appropriate, joint action by West Yorkshire Police and Leeds Anti-Social Behaviour Team. Where consent is given by the victim, Hate Crimes will be investigated by West Yorkshire Police. Investigations and support for victims are co-ordinated by the Police Hate Crime Coordinators. The police provide a victim-led approach in responding to hate crime. Where the victim is willing, the Hate Crime co-ordinators will support victims to access justice through the Criminal Justice System. Hate crimes are also subject to scrutiny panels where panel members (members of the public) review cases to ensure that victims receive an appropriate service.

Where consent to share information with the police is not forthcoming, possibly due to poor experiences in the past, cultural issues, or fear of reprisals, victims are offered support from Leeds Anti-Social Behaviour Team (LASBT). LASBT can offer alternatives to Criminal Justice System outcomes, with an emphasis on preventing incidents from reoccurring. LASBT will ensure the victim is given access to support and will seek to resolve the issues using mediation, restorative conferences, tenancy action, and civil legal action. The Hate Crime Coordinators and LASBT will also liaise with partner agencies through Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC).

Hate Crime MARAC seeks to achieve positive outcomes for victims of hate crimes and to facilitate information sharing and intelligence. The panel of professionals, whose core members include Police Hate Crime Co-ordinators, Community Safety Partnership Area Co-ordinators, Victim Support Outreach Workers, LASBT, Stop Hate UK, Housing Options Safeguarding Team and housing providers, can support victims to access home security, emotional support or advocacy services. The MARAC also helps to identify repeat offenders and targeted interventions.

Leeds will use victim-led restorative practices where hate incidents can be dealt with through conversations that acknowledge the harm caused and work towards repairing any damage/harm.

4.6 **Measuring Success**

The effectiveness of prevention and reporting objectives will be measured by:

- s Delivery of educational and training programmesmes,
- S Targeted awareness campaigns & projects delivered based on emerging issues identified through intelligence and tensions monitoring
- Increased numbers of hate incidents (non-crimes) reported directly to the police or through 3rd party Hate Incident Reporting Centres.

Improvements in our responses to hate crime will be measured by:

- S A reduction in the number of first time reports that escalate to more serious offences
- S A reduction in the number of repeat victims and repeat perpetrators.
- A reduction in the number of serious offences motivated by hate (including damages, assaults, threatening behaviour)
- S Customer satisfaction data % of customers satisfied with the outcome and % of customers satisfied with the investigation

5.0 The way forward

- 5.1 The detailed strategic action plan is set out in Appendix A below.
- 5.2 The launch of this strategy will see the introduction of a hate crime problem matrix (attached as Appendix D.) The matrix introduces a new language to track types of hate incidents. This matrix will form the basis of a dedicated intelligence product. This intelligence product will allow the partnership to track the prevalence of hate incidents broken down by ward area and target resources accordingly.
- 5.3 The strategy will be reviewed on annual basis. The strategic action plan will be monitored through report cards to the Safer Leeds Executive. A quarterly intelligence report as referenced in 5.2 will identify key areas of work. Partner agencies will be required to evidence how collective responses have reduced deliberate and organised offences. This will also give partners an indication of where further work is needed to increase reporting confidence and raise awareness.

- 5.4 A list of accountable, responsible, consulted, informed and supported members working in partnership to achieve the outcomes set out in the Hate Crime Strategy are attached as Appendix E.
- 6.0 Legislation
- 6.1 This document has been drafted in consideration of the general and specific duties within the following acts of parliament;

Equality Act 2010, Data Protection 1998, Freedom of Information Act 2000, European Convention on Human Rights

6.2 And other legislation relevant to this area including;

Public Order Act 1986, Human Rights Act 1998, Race Relations Act 2000, Crime and Disorder Act 1998, Employment Act 2002, Criminal Justice Act 2003, Disability Discrimination Act 1995, Sex Discrimination Act 1975, Protection From Harassment Act 1997 Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008, Employment Relations Act 1999 Racial and Religious Hatred Act 2006, Legal Aid and Prosecution of Offenders Act 2012

Hate Crime Strategic Plan

This plan sets out in broad terms our 'Objectives', 'proposed actions' and how we intend to 'measure success'. It will form the basis of an internal delivery plan that will identify timescales, responsible officers and actions completed.

Objectives	Actions	Measure of Success
We want to improve everyone's understanding & awareness of what is a hate crime and/or hate incident across Leeds.	We will continually analyse level of understanding across the partnership to identify training needs	We will monitor number of training & awareness programmes delivered in response to training needs analysis.
We want to demonstrate best practice around celebrating diversity& embedding social values, cohesion and inclusion:	We will explore every opportunity to communicate with the wider community through positive publicity and involvement with relevant events and services.	We will evaluate the effectiveness of publicity produced through customer feedback. We will collate data relating to the number of events attended and targeted publicity. We will analyse attendance feedback from organised events through evaluation forms.

	We will work with METRO & Safer Travel to provide up to 8,000 customers with a disability per year (40,000 over 5 years) with information and guidance on identifying and reporting hate incidents. We will seek commitment from Metro to display publicity materials.	We will collate the number of letters sent to customers. We will monitor the number of publicity materials displayed in bus shelters & stations.
We want to improve everyone's understanding & awareness of what is a hate crime and/or hate incident across Leeds. We want to demonstrate best practice around celebrating diversity& embedding social values, cohesion and inclusion:	We will explore opportunities to communicate with young people through positive publicity and the delivery of education and awareness projects.	 We will evaluate feedback from schools engaging with programmes. We will evaluate the understanding of young people involved in the programmes. We will collate the number of children that access provision. We will collate the number of schools achieving the Stephen Lawrence award. We will expect to see a decline in deliberate and organised hate incidents in areas where the programmes are implemented.
We want to improve our evidence and intelligence data to establish a baseline position to measure actions against.	 We will work with a broad range of partners to improve data collation and data sharing process to ensure hate crime/incident data can be collectively analysed including: Work with Adult Safeguarding Trust to collate data and analysis of issues affecting people with disabilities 	We will improve our response by better understanding issues affecting people with disabilities.

	 Develop links with agencies that represent the LGBT community to understand the prevalence of unreported incidents and barriers to reporting. 	We will improve our response by better understanding issues affecting the LGBT community.
	 Secure a commitment from METRO to collate baseline by including questions about experience of hate crime in existing passenger focus work 	We will improve our response by better understanding passenger experiences on local transport networks
	 Develop Service Level Agreements with Tell MAMA & The Community Safety Trust, and develop links with other faith groups. 	We will improve our response by better understanding issues affecting faith groups
We want to improve our evidence and intelligence data to establish a baseline position to measure actions against.	 Collate hate incident reports from Universities & Student Unions (University of Leeds, Leeds Metropolitan, Leeds Trinity) 	We will improve our response by better understanding issues affecting university population
	 Collate hate incident reports generated through new Hate Incident Reporting for Schools 	We will improve our response by better understanding issues affecting young people
	• We will encourage partners to submit tension monitoring reports to assist the Community Safety Intelligence team to identify emerging issues	We will track the increase of tension reports submitted.

We want all key partners responsible for responses to hate incidents to support the prevention agenda.	 We will support partners to review existing policy and procedures to ensure appropriate guidance is included regarding the prevention of hate crime & hate incidents. Housing Leeds Adult Social Care Children & Young People Social Care Housing providers Universities METRO & transport providers 	We will monitor the number of partners incorporating guidance in policies and procedures. We will continue to achieve recognition for Equality & Diversity.
Report it – Know how to report a Hate	e Incident/Crime	
Objectives	Actions	Measure of Success
We want to clearly signpost victims and members of public to hate incident reporting centres and alternative reporting routes.	We will promote all hate incident reporting routes including Police, Stop Hate UK and third party reporting centres. We will provide links within partners' websites to signpost to hate incident reporting centres and service providers.	We will monitor any increase in reports received.
	We will publicise the use of the Community Trigger for any victim who has reported a hate incident to the police, council or landlord and received no response.	We will review all community trigger requests relating to hate crime and implement a robust action plan.
We want to improve confidence in reporting for all victims and reporting persons across the five strands. We will deliver a rolling programmes of Hate Incident Reporting Centre training to all 3 rd party reporting centres to ensure HIRC provision meets the minimum standards agreed across West Yorkshire.		We will collate the number of staff that attend training.

	We will support Adult Social Care to develop & implement safeguarding training that supports frontline staff to identify & report hate crime; and understand partnership responses.	We will monitor the number of training sessions delivered to staff.
	We will monitor the service delivered by hate incident reporting centres to ensure that customers are given a safe place to report; feel listened to and treated with respect.	We will evaluate feedback from customers. We will record the number of centres achieving minimum standards.
	We will evaluate the quality of service provided by HIRCs through 'mystery shopping' using customer involvement groups	We will record the number of centres requiring Service improvement plans (where standards not met) with clear targets set for improvements.
We want to improve confidence in reporting for all victims and reporting persons across the five strands.	We will implement a Hate Incident & Bullying Guidance & reporting tool for all local authority schools & children's settings (Attached as Appendix C)	We will monitor the number of schools & children settings using the reporting tool. We will seek to maintain recognition by Stonewall as being within top ten local authorities in England, Scotland and Wales for being best at celebrating difference and preventing and tackling all kinds of bullying.
	We will publish outcomes using social media, websites, community newsletters and public offices to increase confidence in reporting through adopting a 'you reported, we sorted' approach to highlight outcomes.	We will monitor the number of positive outcomes published. We will seek out recognition from agencies like Stonewall, Social Housing Equality Framework, Stephen Lawrence award, etc for best practice.

Stop it – Know how to respond		
Objectives	Actions	Measure of Success
We want to ensure victims and witnesses are supported and have a voice in what happens.	We will ensure that victims are kept fully informed and consulted with when making decisions.	We will collate data in respect of service standards for police & LASBT.
	We will develop relationships with support agencies to meet the needs of victims including Victim Support, Stop Hate UK, Sanctuary Supported Living, The Witness Service & key support providers.	We will monitor the number of referrals to support; number of witnesses offered special measures; and evaluate customer feedback.
We want to ensure our responses in dealing with offenders are proportionate and prevent problems from escalating.	We will ensure that partners responding to hate crime and hate incidents make use of the range of powers available to respond and prevent hate incidents from reoccurring:	
	Restorative practice to repair harm	We will monitor the number of successful outcomes achieved through mediation, community resolutions, and restorative practice. A successful outcome will be defined as no further offending or positive feedback from the victim.
	 Use of civil legislation to prevent further incidents 	We will monitor the number of successful outcomes achieved through use of Injunctions, ASBO's Closure Orders and tenancy action.
	 Use of criminal legislation to target offenders 	We will monitor the number of cases referred through the Criminal Justice System process.

	 Interventions for offenders aimed at increasing victim empathy, hate crime awareness, and repairing harm 	We will track the number of targeted interventions delivered and monitor success based on re-offending.
We want to prevent repeat victims of hate crimes.	We will develop a process for identifying repeat victims across police and council systems.	We will monitor the number of repeat victims and expect to see a decline in deliberate.
	We will produce quarterly Hate Crime Intelligence report to identify prevalence of hate crime across the city for discussion and action by Hate Crime Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences & key delivery partners. We will target resources of multi-agency partnerships to resolve hate crime in high prevalence areas.	•

Ways to Report

LEEDS HATE INCIDENT REPORTING CENTRES

Hate Incident Reporting Centres in Leeds are safe locations where victims of a hate incident can make a report. You are in control. You choose how you want us to handle the information.

How to report:

By phone:	
West Yorkshire Police	101
In an Emergency	999
Stop Hate24 hour help line	0800 138 1625

Text relay for deaf or hearing impaired: Dial 18001 before any number above.

By text: 07717 989025





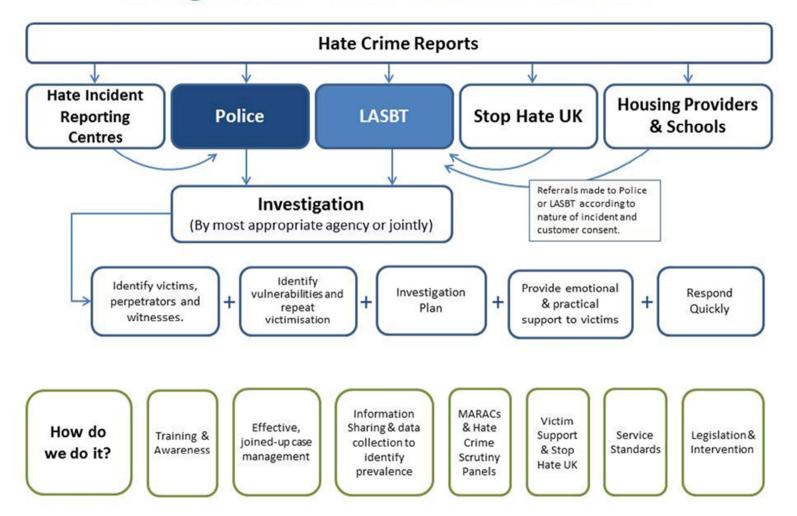
By email: <u>LASBT@leeds.gov.uk</u> <u>talk@stophateuk.org</u>

In person:

You can visit any Hate Incident Reporting Centre. Visit LCC website for an updated list of centres: http://www.leeds.gov.uk/residents/Pages/Hate-crime.aspx

Appendix C

Integrated Hate Crime Process



Appendix D: Hate Crime Analysis Assessment Criteria

The below categorisation criteria have been used in the compilation of this report to analyse incident report data from multiple sources.

Туре	Impromptu	Deliberate	Organised
Verbal Abuse (isolated)	Isolated shouted verbal abuse by strangers in street; individuals/ groups linked to more general nuisance use hate language or motivation	Offenders repeatedly shouting abuse at number of individuals in close time/ area	Abuse associated with organised activity (e.g. rally or march)
Intimidation Harassment Repeated Abuse Graffiti (public)	Racist/ political language/ tags alongside other general graffiti	Repeated verbal abuse (often same perpetrators); harassment offences; specific graffiti (not linked to other tags etc.) in public areas	Multiple victims of deliberate offences in localised area
Damage to private/ commercial property (incl targeted graffiti on houses, shops etc.)	Thrown stones; opportunistic "weapons" used; Not necessarily obvious "hate" related aspects, but victim feels targeted	Domestic premises graffiti; religious/ community premised targeted; specific individuals named; repeat victims of offences	Multiple victims of deliberate offences in localised area
Other criminal actions (theft, burglary etc.)	No obvious "hate" related aspects, but victim feels targeted due to factor; low level repeat victimisation	Obvious hate related factors in offence (e.g. language used, graffiti at location); repeat victims of offences	Repeated patterns of offending targeting group; Multiple victims of deliberate offences in localised area
Physical Violence	Isolated physical violence by strangers; use of hate language or motive	Hate related language or motive occurs at initiation of violence	Offenders travel to specifically commit violence; Multiple victims of deliberate offences in localised area

Appendix E

Partners involved in delivery of hate crime strategy:

- Responsible: West Yorkshire Police (WYP), Leeds Anti-social Behaviour Team (LASBT), Safer Leeds, Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences: (Area Safety Co-ordinators; WYP Hate Crime Co-ordinators; Housing Leeds; Leeds ASB Team; Victim Support; Stop Hate UK; support providers); Leeds City Council's Customer Services, Housing Leeds, Victim Support, Adult Social Care, Children & Young People Social Care; Stop Hate UK and Hate Incident Reporting Centres http://www.leeds.gov.uk/residents/Pages/Hate-crime.aspx
- Accountable: Head of Service, Leeds Anti-Social Behaviour Team
- Consulted: Service Users, Community groups, third sector, Stop Hate UK, Adult Safeguarding Board; Children Young People Social Care, Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences; housing associations
- Informed: Safer Leeds Executive Membership includes Leeds City Council Director of Environment & Neighbourhoods; Executive Member & Chair of the Board; Head of Targeted Services, Children's Services; West Yorkshire Police District Commander; Leeds Primary Care Trust; West Yorkshire Probation Service; Re-New; West Yorkshire Fire & Rescue Service; Community Safety, Superintendent; HMP Leeds
- Supported: Customer Involvement groups; Stop Hate UK; The CST; Faith Matters; MESMAC; Children Young People Social Care; Adult Social Care; CYPSC Equality & Diversity Board;

References:

Police and Crime Plan 2013-2018. West Yorkshire Police Crime Commissioner <u>http://www.westyorkshire.police.uk/sites/default/files/files/press-office/hq/pcc crime plan 13 18.pdf</u>

Challenge it, Report it, Stop it, Governments Plan to tackle Hate Crime (March 2012) London: Home Office. <u>'Challenge it, Report it, Sort it, Governments Plan'to tackle Hate</u> <u>Crime, March 2012 https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/97849/action-plan.pdf</u>

Vision for Leeds 2030 Leeds City Council http://www.leeds.gov.uk/docs/Vision%20for%20Leeds%202011%20-%202030.pdf

Joint Strategic Needs Assessments 2012, West Yorkshire Observatory

http://www.westyorkshireobservatory.org/explorer/resources/

Living in a Different World: Joint Review of Disability Hate Crime 2013 <u>http://www.hmic.gov.uk/media/a-joint-review-of-disability-hate-crime-living-in-a-different-world-20130321.pdf</u>

Out in the Open Manifesto For Change http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/uploaded_files/disabilityfi/out_in_the_open_dhi_manifesto.pdf